Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (Rev.06/08)

Auditing Procedures Report

Instructions and MuniCodes

*=Required Fields

Reset Form

Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended. (V1.07)

Unit Name* BAY TOWNSHIP	County* CHARLE	VOIX	Type* TOWNSHIP	MuniCode [®] 15-1-010		
Opinion Date-Use Calendar [®] Jul 9, 2008	Audit Subr Calendar	nitted-Use	Sep 12, 2008	Fiscal Year End Month	Fiscal Year	2008

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No."

×	?	Are all required component units/funds/agencies reporting entity notes to the financial statements	s of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the ?
X	?	2. Does the local unit have a positive fund balance in	n all of its unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets?
×	?	3. Were the local unit's actual expenditures within th	ne amounts authorized in the budget?
X	?	$rac{1}{2}$ 4. Is this unit in compliance with the Uniform Chart o	of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury?
X	?	$^{\prime}$ 5. Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required fu	unds?
X	?	$rac{1}{2}$ 6. Was a public hearing on the budget held in accord	dance with State statute?
×	?	7. Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Mu Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Au	unicipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan udit and Finance Division?
X	?	8. Has the local unit distributed tax revenues, that we property tax act?	ere collected for another taxing unit, timely as required by the general
X	?	9. Do all deposits/investments comply with statutor	ry requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?
X		10. Is the local unit free of illegal or unauthorized exp Local Units of Government in Michigan, as revised	penditures that came to your attention as defined in the Bulletin for Audits of I (see Appendix H of Bulletin.)
×	?		al acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not t and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate
×	?	12. Is the local unit free of repeated reported deficien	ncies from previous years?
×	?	13. Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not	t, what type of opinion is it? NA
X		15. Has the local unit complied with GASB 34 and oth	er generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)?
X	?	16. Has the board or council approved all disburseme	ents prior to payment as required by charter or statute?
X	?	17. To your knowledge, were the bank reconciliations	that were reviewed performed timely?
	?	18. Are there reported deficiencies?	19. If so, was it attached to the audit report?
	G	General Fund Revenue: ? \$ 272,099.00	General Fund Balance: 7 \$ 389,981.00
	G	General Fund Expenditure: \$ 225,321.00	Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see \$ 0.00
	N	Major Fund Deficit Amount: \$ 0.00	instructions):

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (reported deviations).

CPA (First Name)* VEL	Last Name [*] KAMMERMANN	Ten Digit Lice	icense Number⁴ 1101012482				
CPA Street Address* 110 PARK AVE	City* CHARLEVOIX State*MI		Zip Code* 49720	Telephone*	+1 (231) 547-4911		
CPA Firm Name* MASON & KAMMERMANN P	nit's Street ddress [™] 05045 BOYNE CITY ROAD		Unit's BOYNE CITY		Unit's Zip* 49712		

BAY TOWNSHIP CHARLEVOIX COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION for the year ended March 31, 2008

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CHARLEVOIX, MICHIGAN

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MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

July 9, 2008

Members of the Township Board Bay Township Boyne City, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bay Township of Charlevoix County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bay Township as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Mason & Fanneman PC

This section of Bay Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Township during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the Township's basic financial statements that follow this section. These financial statements comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). Bay Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, this report also contains other supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Bay Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Bay Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in the government's net assets during the most recent fiscal year, on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information separated into related areas to demonstrate how resources have been allocated for specific activities or functions. Bay Township, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with the requirements of accounting standards and laws. Bay Township uses two categories of funds, which are governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Bay Township maintains two major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general and road funds.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and road funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general and road funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources collected and held for the benefit of the Township and other governmental units outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

The table below shows, in a condensed format, the Township's net assets as of March 31, 2008 and 2006:

	 2008	 2006
<u>Assets</u>		
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$ 542,760	\$ 468,193
Capital Assets, net	 180,092	 140,501
Total Assets	722,852	608,694
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities	 6,047	 7,005
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, net	180,092	140,501
Restricted	146,732	125,157
Unrestricted	 389,981	 336,031
Total Net Assets	\$ 716,805	\$ 601,689

The total governmental net assets are \$716,805 for the Township. The township has \$389,981 of unrestricted governmental net assets, which could be used to finance the day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

The following table shows how activities affected changes in net assets during the fiscal years ending March 31, 2008 and 2006.

	2008			2006		
Revenues:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	6,991	\$	9,315		
General Revenues:						
Property taxes		246,543		216,088		
Administrative fees		44,770		39,996		
State shared revenues		73,477		72,131		
Interest		23,697		16,381		
Other		6,650		3,059		
Total revenues		402,128		356,970		
Expenses:						
Legislative		25,564		28,005		
General government		65,595		62,519		
Public safety		80,645		69,074		
Public works		126,801		80,126		
Health and welfare		2,965		675		
Community and economic development		29,784		27,751		
Recreation and culture		8,686		1,685		
Total expenses		340,040		269,835		
Change in net assets	\$	62,088	\$	87,135		

Revenue sources and changes

Total revenue from governmental activities totaled \$402,128. Revenue from governmental activities consists primarily of, 61.3% from property taxes, 18.3% from state revenue sharing and 11.1% from administrative fees. The millage rates for general operations and road improvements were .9377 and .9904 mills, respectively.

Expenses

Using the full accrual basis of accounting, the Township spent \$340,040 on governmental activities. This equates to 37.3% on public works, 23.7% on public safety, 19.3% on general government, 7.5% on legislative activities, 8.8% on community and economic development, 2.6% on recreation and culture and .8% on health and welfare.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

At March 31, 2008, the Township's governmental funds reported combined cash of \$516,151, which is approximately \$64,790 more than the last audited year.

Revenues in the General Fund exceeded expenditures by \$46,778, which was due to revenues exceeding budgeted amounts and expenditures being less than amounts budgeted.

The Road Fund had a \$7,582 increase in its fund balance this year. This was due to the cost of road improvements being less than projected and revenues exceeding expected amounts.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the Board approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on April 1. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the year on March 31.

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original fund budget, the final amended general fund budget and actual totals from operations:

					\	√ariance	
	Original	Final			Favorable		
	 Budget	 Budget		Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)	
Total Revenues	\$ 242,038	\$ 242,038	\$	272,099	\$	30,061	
Total Expenditures	 355,825	 355,825		225,321		130,504	
Net Change in							
Fund Balance	\$ (113,787)	\$ (113,787)	\$	46,778	\$	160,565	

There was no change in the Total Revenue Original Budget to the Final Budget. However, there was a reallocation of \$3,000 from budgeted contingency funds to the fire protection contract in the Total Expenditures Original Budget to the Final Budget.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the Township has \$180,092 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Management's Discussion & Analysis July 9, 2008

Capital assets include all purchases of assets that exceed \$1,000. Capital assets include: land and improvements, buildings and improvements, road signs and equipment. The Township uses straight-line depreciation for all depreciable assets.

Long-Term Debt

The Township had no outstanding long-term debt for governmental activities as of March 31, 2008.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Bay Township's finances for all of those with an interest in the township's finances. If you have questions concerning this report or requests for any additional financial information, please contact Bay Township, 05045 Boyne City Rd., Boyne City, Michigan, 49712.

Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 516,151
Due from other funds	8,539
Taxes receivable	18,070
Total current assets	542,760
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets	304,232
Less accumulated depreciation	(124,140)
Total noncurrent assets	180,092
Total assets	722,852
<u>Liabilities and Net Assets</u>	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,290
Accrued payroll taxes	1,757
Total liabilities	6,047
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets	180,092
Restricted	146,732
Unrestricted	389,981
Total net assets	\$ 716,805

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Program Revenues						Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Assets		
	Expenses	f	irges or vices	Gra	erating ants & ibutions	Cap Gran Contrib	ts &		Total
Governmental Activities:					_				
Legislative General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Community & economic development Recreation and culture Total Government Activities	\$ 25,564 65,595 80,645 126,801 2,965 29,784 8,686		- - - - 6,991 -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	(25,564) (65,595) (80,645) (126,801) (2,965) (22,793) (8,686)
	General Revenues: Property taxes Administrative fees State shared revenues Interest Other Total general revenues Change in Net Assets							246,543 44,770 73,477 23,697 6,650 395,137	
	Net Assets -	April	1, 2007	7					654,717
	Net Assets -	Marc	h 31, 2	800				\$	716,805

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	General Fund			Road Fund	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Taxes receivable	\$	377,598 8,539 9,891	\$	138,553 - 8,179	\$	516,151 8,539 18,070	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	396,028	\$	146,732	\$	542,760	
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll taxes	\$	4,290 1,757	\$	- -	\$	4,290 1,757	
Total liabilities		6,047		-		6,047	
Fund equity: Unrestricted Restricted		389,981		- 146,732		389,981 146,732	
Total fund equity		389,981		146,732		536,713	
Total liabilities & fund equity	\$	396,028	\$	146,732	\$	542,760	

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 536,713

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Cost of capital assets 304,232 Accumulated depreciation (124,140)

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities \$ 716,805

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	General Fund		Road Fund		Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	120,364	\$	126,179	\$ 246,543
Administrative fees		44,770		-	44,770
State shared revenue		73,477		-	73,477
Licenses and permits		6,991		-	6,991
Interest		19,847		3,850	23,697
Other		6,650			 6,650
Total revenues		272,099		130,029	 402,128
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Legislative		25,564		-	25,564
General government		61,863		-	61,863
Public safety		80,645		-	80,645
Public works		4,354		122,447	126,801
Health and welfare		2,965		-	2,965
Community & economic development		29,784		-	29,784
Recreation and culture		2,622		-	2,622
		17,524			 17,524
Total expenditures		225,321		122,447	347,768
Net Change in Fund Balance		46,778		7,582	54,360
Fund Balances - April 1, 2007		343,203		139,150	 482,353
Fund Balances - March 31, 2008	\$	389,981	\$	146,732	\$ 536,713

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 54,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	17,524
Depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities but not the governmental fund financial statements	 (9,796)
Changes in Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 62,088

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Assets

Cash <u>\$ 8,539</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Funds \$ 8,539

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Additions: Property Tax Collections for: Primary Government Other Governments Interest Income	\$ 269,508 3,701,940 7,560
Total Additions	 3,979,008
Deductions: Property Tax Distributions for: Primary Government Other Governments Total Distributions	281,304 3,697,704 3,979,008
Change in Net Assets	-
Fiduciary Net Assets - April 1, 2007	
Fiduciary Net Assets - March 31, 2008	\$

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Bay Township (Township) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Bay Township.

A. Reporting Entity

The Township operates under a Board-Supervisor form of government.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity,* these financial statements present the Local Unit (primary government). The criteria established by the GASB statements for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included. Based on these criteria, the Township has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state shared revenue, and interest associated with current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when the government receives cash.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed. Restricted assets and liabilities payable from restricted assets are current in nature and are reported with current assets and current liabilities in the financial statements.

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – The Road Fund was established to account for millage voted by the taxpayers that have been restricted for township road improvements.

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the amount of funds in bank accounts and certificates of deposit.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds".

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements 40 years Equipment 5 years Land Improvements 20 years

Long-term Obligations

As of March 31, 2008, the Township has no outstanding long-term debt.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties or for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The Township used estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 15, the Township Board submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 31, the budget is legally enacted.
- 4. The Township Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. In addition, the Township Board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Road Funds.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 7. Appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968, as amended, (MCL 141.421 et seq.) provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The Bay Township's budgeted and actual expenditures for the funds budgeted have been shown on a functional basis.

During the year, the Township did not incur expenditures in the General and Road Funds in excess of the amounts appropriated.

Accumulated Fund Deficits

The Bay Township had no funds with an accumulated fund balance/retained earnings deficit at March 31, 2008.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on July first and December first and are payable on September and February fourteenth, respectively. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

The Township levied .9377 mills for the general operations and .9904 mills for road improvements on state taxable valuation of \$127,614,920 on the 2007 tax roll.

The Township also bills and collects taxes for other governmental units, which are accounted for in an Agency Fund.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Local Unit to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan

Deposits – At March 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits and certificates of deposit was \$516,151.

Federal Depository Insurance – Of the above balances, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and U.S. Government guarantees. The remaining \$416,151 was uninsured and uncollateralized. State statutes prohibit security in the form of collateral, surety bonds or another form to be taken for the deposit of public funds. The Township may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances during the year.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

		Balance of oril 1, 2007	A	dditions	Dis	posal	Balance of March 31, 2008		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 82,630			-		-		82,630	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Land improvements		117,293		3,985		-		121,278	
Buildings and improvements		35,693		-		-		35,693	
Equipment and furniture		51,092		13,539				64,631	
Total capital assets		286,708		17,524		-		304,232	
Less accumulated depreciation		(114,344)		(9,796)		-		(124,140)	
Total capital assets	\$	172,364	\$	7,728	\$		\$	180,092	

Depreciation expense was charged to the Township's functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 3,732
Recreation & Culture	 6,064
Total	\$ 9,796

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amount of interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	nterfund Interfund eceivable Payable					
General Fund Agency Fund	\$ 8,539 -	\$	- 8,539			
Totals	\$ 8,539	\$	8,539			

NOTE 7 – FUND EQUITY RESERVATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

The Road Fund has fund equity of \$146,732 restricted for road improvements.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The Township carries insurance for liability and workers compensation coverage.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original Budget	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenues:	 		<u>~_</u>			<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$ 113,238	\$	113,238	\$ 120,364	\$	7,126
Administrative fees	43,200		43,200	44,770		1,570
State shared revenues	70,000		70,000	73,477		3,477
Licenses and permits	7,000		7,000	6,991		(9)
Interest	6,000		6,000	19,847		13,847
Other	 2,600		2,600	 6,650		4,050
Total revenues	 242,038		242,038	272,099		30,061
Expenditures:						
Legislative Township Board						
Per diem	5,000		5,000	2,140		2,860
Payroll taxes	3,500		3,500	3,219		281
Supplies	2,250		2,250	2,590		(340)
Professional services	26,500		26,500	10,605		15,895
Dues and subscriptions	1,800		1,800	1,896		(96)
Worker's compensation	500		500	324		176
Insurance	7,500		7,500	3,785		3,715
Contigency	15,000		12,000	-		12,000
Other expenses	 1,300		1,300	1,005		295
Total legislative	 63,350		60,350	 25,564		34,786
General Government						
Township Supervisor Salary	6,500		6,500	6,500		
Other expenses	 300		300	21		279
Total township supervisor	6,800		6,800	6,521		279
Elections						
Elections Salary	3,000		3,000	1,062		1,938
	5,000 550					
Other expenses	 550	-	550	 61		489
Total elections	 3,550		3,550	 1,123		2,427
Township Assessor						
Contracted services	17,500		17,500	16,600		900
Supplies	1,500		1,500	1,121		379
Other expenses	 1,650		1,650	 508		1,142
Total township assessor	 20,650		20,650	18,229		2,421

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Township Clerk				
Salary	10,350	10,350	10,350	-
Other expenses	1,150	1,150	459	691
Total township clerk	11,500	11,500	10,809	691
Township Board of Review				
Per diem	800	800	585	215
Other expenses	700	700	290	410
Total board of review	1,500	1,500	875	625
Township Treasurer				
Salary	10,975	10,975	10,975	-
Supplies	2,500	2,500	2,217	283
Printing and publishing	3,000	3,000	1,302	1,698
Other expenses	400	400	75	325
Total township treasurer	16,875	16,875	14,569	2,306
Building and Grounds				
Supplies	2,500	2,500	1,890	610
Snow removal	750	750	1,042	(292)
Repairs and maintenance	5,000	5,000	2,295	2,705
Utilities	2,700	2,700	2,091	609
Total building and grounds	10,950	10,950	7,318	3,632
Cemetery				
Wages	2,000	2,000	1,096	904
Repairs and maintenance	2,000	2,000	165	1,835
Supplies	600	600	340	260
Other expenses	700	700	818	(118)
Total cemetery	5,300	5,300	2,419	2,881
Total General Government	77,125	77,125	61,863	13,324
Public Safety				
Fire protection	78,000	81,000	80,645	355
Public Works				
Road maintenance	7,500	7,500	4,354	3,146

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Health and Welfare				
Ambulance	3,000	3,000	2,965	35
Community & Economic Develop. Planning & Zoning				
Per diem	11,500	11,500	8,640	2,860
Contracted services	27,000	27,000	19,481	7,519
Training	1,950	1,950	797	1,153
Other expenses	1,900	1,900	866	1,034
Total community &				
economic development	42,350	42,350	29,784	12,566
cooncinio developinioni	12,000	12,000	20,101	12,000
Recreation and Culture				
Township Parks:				
Wages	1,500	1,500	1,096	404
Repairs and maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,526	474
Total recreation and culture	3,500	3,500	2,622	878
• • • •	04.000	04.000	47.504	00.470
Capital outlay	81,000	81,000	17,524	63,476
Total expenditures	355,825	355,825	225,321	130,504
Net Change in Fund Balance	(113,787)	(113,787)	46,778	160,565
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007	343,203	343,203	343,203	
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$ 229,416	\$ 229,416	\$ 389,981	\$ 160,565

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - Road Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	113,000	\$ 113,000		126,179	\$	13,179		
Interest income		1,800	1,800		3,850		2,050		
Total revenues		114,800	114,800		130,029		15,229		
Expenses: Public Works									
Road improvements		128,000	128,000		122,447		5,553		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(13,200)	(13,200)		7,582		20,782		
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007		139,150	139,150		139,150				
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$	125,950	\$ 125,950	\$	146,732	\$	20,782		

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K, KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

July 9, 2008

To the Board of Trustees Bay Township

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay Township for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon July 9, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bay Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2008. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Bay Township July 9, 2008 Page 2

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial users.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 9, 2008.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of Bay Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K, KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

July 9, 2008

To the Township Board Bay Township Bay Township, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bay Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Bay Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses:

Segregation of Duties

A properly designed system of internal control segregates the accounting responsibilities from employees who have access to physical assets such as cash, investments and payroll, from authorization and approval of transactions and account reconciliations. The small size of the administrative staff precludes a complete segregation of duties resulting in more than a remote risk that material misstatements could occur and not be detected during normal activities.

Preparation of Financial Statements

During the course of our audit, it was noted employees and/or management have limited technical expertise to prepare the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of the Township's financial statements and notes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is the responsibility of management. Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, including the notes to the financial statements, in conforming with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Township, as is common with smaller entities, has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Township's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the government's internal controls.

The result of this condition is that the Township lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants